

Financial Statements

Rise Asset Development

April 30, 2022

Rise Asset Development

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Independent Auditor's Report

Grant Thornton LLP 11th Floor 200 King Street West, Box 11 Toronto, ON M5H 3T4

T +1 416 366 0100 F +1 416 360 4949

To the Board of Directors of Rise Asset Development

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Rise Asset Development** ("Rise"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at April 30, 2022, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Rise** as at April 30, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of Rise in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Rise's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate Rise or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Rise's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Rise's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on Rise's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause Rise to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada October 11, 2022 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Rise Asset Development Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets Year ended April 30

	Operating Fund	Externally Restricted Loan Capital Fund	2022 Total	2021 Total
Revenue Donations and fundraising Government funding Ontario Ministry of Children,	\$ 1,641,888	\$ 80,000	\$ 1,721,888	\$1,646,356
Community and Social Services	168,100	_	168,100	168,100
Ontario Ministry of Health	125,000	-	125,000	125,000
Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy	74,455	_	74,455	241,323
Other	2,500	-	2,500	-
Interest from loans receivable	42,435	-	42,435	49,046
Interest from investments	5,432		5,432	5,693
	2,059,810	80,000	2,139,810	2,235,518
Expenses				
Administrative expenses Salaries and benefits	411,204		411,204	397,040
Bookkeeping	55,807	-	55,807	37,582
Rent and occupancy costs	41,608	-	41,608	10,278
Office and general	30,017	_	30,017	27,188
Audit and legal	17,199	_	17,199	18,198
Insurance	4,726		4,726	3,350
	560,561	_	<u>560,561</u>	493,636
Program expenses	300,301		300,301	490,000
Program costs	797,626	_	797,626	635,460
Salaries and benefits	489,035	_	489,035	378,755
Marketing and promotion	145,150	_	145,150	83,426
Bad debts	-	111,030	111,030	167,795
Consultants	57,454	, <u>-</u>	57,454	89,226
Professional development	4,122	_	4,122	4,999
Symposium and event costs	3,077	-	3,077	3,000
Delivery	2,415		2,415	145
	1,498,879	111,030	1,609,909	1,362,806
	2,059,440	111,030	2,170,470	1,856,442
(Deficiency) excess of revenue over	272	(0.1.005)	(65.55)	070 075
expenses	370	(31,030)	(30,660)	379,076
Net assets, beginning of year	1,106,444	749,461	1,855,905	1,476,829
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,106,814	\$ 718,431	\$ 1,825,245	\$ 1,855,905

Rise Asset Development Statement of Financial Position			
April 30		2022	2021
Assets Current			
Cash Short-term investments (Note 3)	\$	795,773 475,363	\$ 1,118,800 357,216
Accounts receivable (Note 7)		176,842	185,396
Prepaid expenses		21,266	500
Current portion of loans receivable (Notes 4 and 7)		174,512	157,559
		1,643,756	1,819,471
Loans receivable (Notes 4 and 7)		525,642	473,611
	\$	2,169,398	\$ 2,293,082
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred contributions (Note 5)	\$	226,368 117,785 344,153	\$ 122,477 314,700 437,177
Net assets			
Operating fund Externally restricted loan capital fund		1,106,814 718,431	1,106,444 749,461
Externally restricted toarr capital fund		7 10,431	749,401
		1,825,245	1,855,905
	\$	2,169,398	\$ 2,293,082
Commitment (Note 6)			
On behalf of the Board of Directors			
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Lon Spadorua Director		DEFD284F9	Director

Rise Asset Development Statement of Cash Flows		
Year ended April 30	2022	2021
Increase (decrease) in cash		
Operating (Deficiency) Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ (30,660) \$	379,076
Change in non-cash working capital items Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred contributions	 8,554 (20,766) 103,891 (196,915)	(130,984) 3,350 37,337 112,700
Investina	 (135,896)	401,479
Investing Increase in short-term investments (net) Net change in loans receivable	 (118,147) (68,984)	(1,845) 176,113
	 (187,131)	174,268
(Decrease) increase in cash	(323,027)	575,747
Cash Beginning of year	 1,118,800	543,053
End of year	\$ 795,773 \$	1,118,800

April 30, 2022

1. Nature of operations

Rise Asset Development ("Rise") was incorporated without share capital by letters patent on May 22, 2009 under the Canada Corporations Act and continued under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act effective September 15, 2014. Rise obtained the status of a registered charity on May 1, 2010. Rise is a non-profit organization within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and is exempt from income taxes.

The purpose of Rise is to:

- a) Relieve need amongst hard to employ persons recovering from a mental illness and addiction by providing training, mentoring, support services and micro-loans to assist them in obtaining self-employment or employment and evaluating effectiveness.
- b) Train and educate advisors and mentors on how to support persons with mental health and addiction issues and assist them in becoming self-employed or employed in the community.
- c) Educate and increase public understanding of issues surrounding mental health and addiction and the supports needed to promote the self-sustainability of persons with mental health and addiction issues in the community.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO"). ASNPO requires entities to select policies appropriate for their circumstances from policies provided in these standards. The significant accounting policies selected by Rise and applied in these financial statements are as follows:

Fund accounting

Rise's accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting, whereby net assets of Rise are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds to be used according to the directions of the donors or determined by Rise.

Operating fund

The operating fund accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of Rise related to its general operations and programs.

Externally restricted loan capital fund

The externally restricted loan capital fund consists of amounts received by donors to be specifically used to fund new loans.

April 30, 2022

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Rise follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions. Externally restricted contributions with an associated externally restricted fund are recognized as revenue of that fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions for which there is no associated externally restricted fund are recorded as deferred contributions and recognized as revenue as the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the Operating fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonable assured.

Interest income is recognized as earned.

Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy is government assistance and is recognized in the statement of operations and changes in net assets when received or receivable in the year to which it relates.

Use of estimates

Certain items in the preparation of the financial statements require management's best estimate. Management reviews the carrying amounts of items in the financial statements at each statement of financial position date to assess the need for revision or any possibility of impairment. Management determines these estimates based on assumptions that reflect the most probable set of economic conditions and planned course of action.

These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to the excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses as appropriate in the year they become known. Estimates include the allowance for doubtful accounts related to accounts receivable and loans receivable.

Financial instruments

Rise considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument.

Rise's financial instruments consistent of cash, short-term investments, accounts receivable, loans receivable and accounts payable. Rise initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Rise subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

3. Short-term investments

Short-term investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) that bear interest at a rate of 0.75% (2021 -0.35%) per annum and mature between July 29, 2022 and February 6, 2023 (2021 - November 15, 2021).

April 30, 2022

4. Loans receivable

Rise provides micro-financing to men and women living with mental illness and addictions who are interested in pursuing self-employment. Interest rates charged on loans receivable is Royal Bank's prime rate plus 2.5% at the time the loan is entered into with all loans secured by the assets of the business and terms ranging from one to five years.

The following table summarizes the loans receivable for future years:

2023	\$ 174,512
2024	171,110
2025	141,717
2026	101,388
2027 and thereafter	 111,427
	\$ 700,154

The loans receivable balance includes gross loans receivable of \$875,192 (2021 - \$788,962) net of allowance of doubtful accounts of \$175,038 (2021 - \$157,792).

5. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions, which is included in the operating fund, consists of restricted grant funding, donations and fundraising received or receivable that are to fund expenses in a subsequent period:

	 2022	 2021
Balance, beginning of year Add: revenue received or receivable Less: revenue recognized	\$ 314,700 1,529,662 (1,726,577)	202,000 1,772,156 (1,659,456)
Balance, end of year	\$ 117,785	\$ 314,700

6. Lease commitment

Rise rents office space with a lease expiration date of October 31, 2026.

The minimum commitment over the next five fiscal years is as follows:

2023	\$	32,468
2024		34,223
2025		35,978
2026		37,733
2027		19,305
	<u>\$</u>	159,707

Operating costs of the office space are also charged on an annual basis.

April 30, 2022

7. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of the financial statements in assessing the extended risk related to financial instruments. Rise is primarily exposed to interest rate, credit and liquidity risks. There have been no changes to the nature of the risk exposure from prior year.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Rise is exposed to interest rate risk arising from its short-term investments and loans receivable. Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of fixed income securities and loans held by Rise. This risk is managed by ensuring holdings are low-risk in nature.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. Rise is exposed to credit risk from its accounts and loans receivable. Rise monitors the credit risk and the credit rating of the participants of its microfinancing program on a regular basis and maintains an allowance where collectability is doubtful. As at April 30, 2022, the allowance for doubtful accounts for loans receivable and account receivable is \$175,038 (2021 - \$157,792) and \$Nil (2021 - \$Nil), respectively.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Rise will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. Rise is exposed to liquidity risk arising from its accounts payable. Rise manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. Rise prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.